



100 Fractions, Decimals and

Percentages



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Series F – Fractions, Decimals and Percentages

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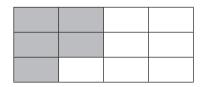
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Fractions – fractions of shapes

A fraction is a part of a whole.

This shape has 12 equal parts. 5 of these have been shaded.



$$\frac{5}{12} = \frac{5 \text{ shaded parts}}{12 \text{ parts altogether}}$$



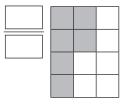
The top number is the numerator, the bottom number is the denominator.

1 What fraction of each shape has been shaded?

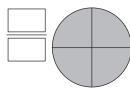








С



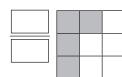
d



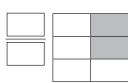
е



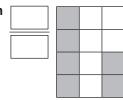
f



g



h



2 Answer the following questions about the shapes above:

a What part of a is unshaded?



b What fraction of **e** is **unshaded**?



c In **f**, is more of the shape shaded or unshaded?

			-

d What fraction of **b** is **unshaded**?

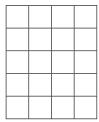


e Look at shape h. What can you say about the amount of shaded and unshaded parts?

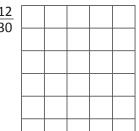
3 Shade the given fraction for each shape:

a <u>8</u> 18

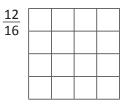




 $\frac{12}{30}$



d



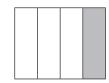
Fractions – fractions of shapes

Are these statements true or false?

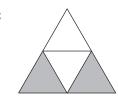
а



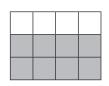
 $\frac{6}{9}$ is shaded



 $\frac{1}{4}$ is shaded



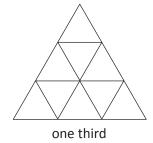
 $\frac{1}{3}$ is shaded



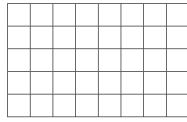
 $\frac{7}{12}$ is shaded

Colour the shapes to show:

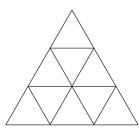
а



b



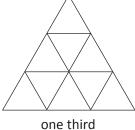
one quarter

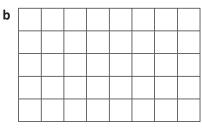


two thirds

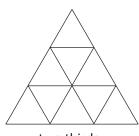
Now find another way to colour the shapes to show the same fraction:

а





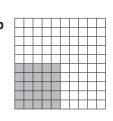
one quarter

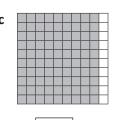


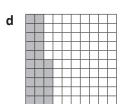
two thirds

What fraction of each hundred square is shaded?

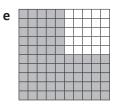






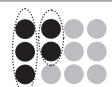


C





Fractions – fractions of a collection

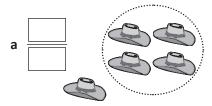


We can also have fractions of groups.

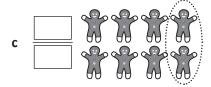
This is a group of 12 dots. 5 out of the 12 dots are circled.

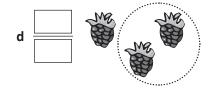
We express this as $\frac{5}{12}$

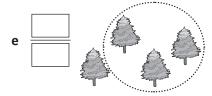
1 What fraction of each group has been circled?



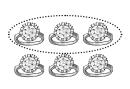




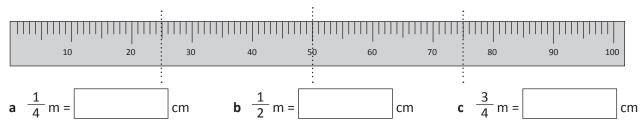








2 Look at the metre ruler and work out how many centimetres are represented by the fraction:



Sometimes we are asked to find the fraction of an amount such as:



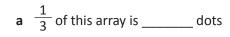
Find one quarter of this array.

There are 12 dots in the array.

First we divide the array into 4 equal parts.

There are 3 dots in each part or quarter so one quarter of 12 is 3.

3 Use the arrays to help find the given fractions of the groups:





 $\frac{1}{6}$ of this same array is _____ dots

b $\frac{1}{4}$ of this array is _____ dots



 $\frac{1}{6}$ of this same array is _____ dots

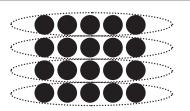
Fractions – fractions of a collection

There is another way to find fractions of amounts:

What is $\frac{1}{4}$ of 20?

20 divided into 4 groups is 5 in each group

 $20 \div 4 = 5$



Find the fractional amounts. You can use blocks or counters to help or solve the problems in your head using division:

$$a = \frac{1}{5} \text{ of } 20 =$$

a
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 20 = **b** $\frac{1}{4}$ of 12 = **c** $\frac{1}{3}$ of 18 = **d** $\frac{1}{6}$ of 18 =

c
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 18

d
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 18 =

$$e^{-\frac{1}{5}}$$
 of 15 =

$$f = \frac{1}{9}$$
 of 27 =

f
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 27 = **g** $\frac{1}{2}$ of 14 = **h** $\frac{1}{7}$ of 21 =

h
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 21 =

Once we know how to find one part of a group, we can use this to find other amounts:

To find $\frac{2}{3}$ of 9, we first find $\frac{1}{3}$ of 9 \longrightarrow 9 ÷ 3 = 3 $\frac{1}{3}$ of 9 = 3

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 9 = 3

 $\frac{2}{3}$ of 9 is 2 times this $2 \times 3 = 6$ $\frac{2}{3}$ of 9 = 6

$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 9 = 6

Find the fractional amounts. Use the space below to work out the different steps:

a What is $\frac{2}{5}$ of 20?

$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 × 20 =

b What is $\frac{3}{4}$ of 12?

c What is $\frac{2}{3}$ of 18?

$$\frac{2}{3} \times 18 =$$

d What is $\frac{3}{4}$ of 16?

$$\frac{3}{4} \times 16 =$$

e What is $\frac{2}{8}$ of 24?

$$\frac{2}{8} \times 24 =$$

f What is $\frac{2}{7}$ of 14?

$$\frac{2}{7} \times 14 =$$

Fractions – comparing and ordering fractions

We can use number lines or fraction strips to help us compare and order fractions.

		1			
	1/2			1/2	
1/3		1/3		1/3	
1/4	1 4		1/4	1 4	-
<u>1</u> 5	<u>1</u> 5	<u>1</u> 5	<u>1</u> 5		<u>1</u> 5
<u>1</u> 6	<u>1</u> 6	<u>1</u> 6	<u>1</u> 6	<u>1</u> 6	<u>1</u>
$\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$	1/8	1 8	<u>1</u> 8	1/8	1/8
$\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$	1/10
$\begin{array}{c cccc} \frac{1}{12} & \frac{1}{12} & \frac{1}{12} \end{array}$	$\frac{1}{12}$ $\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$ $\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$ $\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$ $\frac{1}{12}$	1/12

- Use the strips above to help you answer the following questions. Circle the correct answers:

 - **a** Which is bigger? $\frac{3}{4}$ or $\frac{4}{8}$ **b** Which is smaller? $\frac{2}{10}$ or $\frac{2}{8}$ **c** Which is smaller? $\frac{2}{4}$ or $\frac{3}{12}$

- Use the fraction strips to:
 - a Find 3 fractions that are the same as $\frac{1}{2}$



b Find 2 fractions that are the same as $\frac{1}{3}$



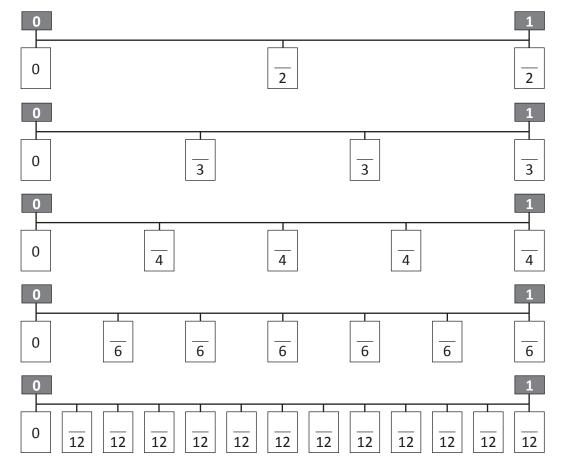
c Find the fraction that is greater than $\frac{2}{3}$ but less than $\frac{3}{4}$



Write 2 similar problems for a friend to solve:

Fractions – comparing and ordering fractions

Label the missing fractions on the number line:



Are these statements true or false? Use the number lines above to help you with your decision. Remember the large end < eats the large number.

a
$$\frac{1}{3} < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} > \frac{2}{6}$$

b
$$\frac{1}{4} > \frac{2}{6}$$
 c $\frac{1}{2} > \frac{1}{3}$

d
$$\frac{1}{4} < \frac{5}{12}$$

e
$$\frac{3}{4} > \frac{7}{12}$$

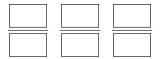
$$f \frac{2}{3} > \frac{3}{4}$$

g
$$\frac{7}{12} > \frac{1}{4}$$

h
$$\frac{3}{12} > \frac{1}{6}$$

Use the number lines above to help you put these fractions in order from smallest to largest:

a
$$\frac{8}{12}$$
 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{6}$

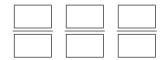


b
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 $\frac{2}{6}$ $\frac{1}{12}$



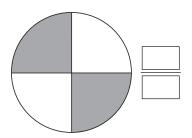
c
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{5}{12}$

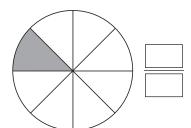
d
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{4}$

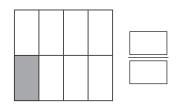


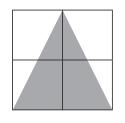


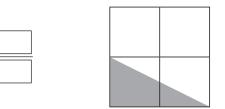
Your job is to work out what fraction of each shape is shaded. Some of them are simple to work out, others will take a little more thinking.

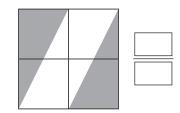


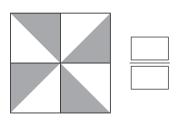


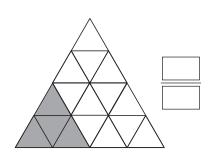


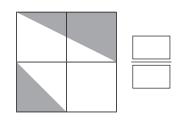


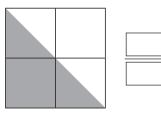


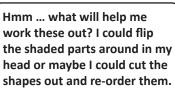




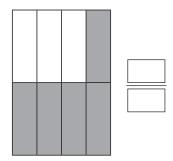












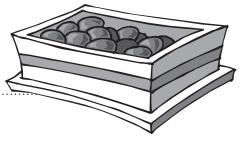




7



In this activity you will use your knowledge of fractions to share chocolates amongst a family.





Mum gave you and your (imaginary) brothers and sisters a box of chocolates to share (also imaginary, unfortunately). She has decided to share them out based on how well you all cleaned your rooms. There are 72 chocolates in the box. Follow the directions to find how many you each receive:

- a Your sister Sarah can have $\frac{1}{4}$ of the chocolates. How many chocolates is this?
- **b** Your sister Claire wished she had known this condition when she cleaned up her room. She can only have $\frac{1}{12}$ of the chocolates. How many is this?
- c Your brother Angus did a stellar job on his room and is entitled to $\frac{2}{6}$ of the chocolates. How many is this?
- d You get the rest! How many do you get?
- e What is your share expressed as a fraction?



Write an addition sentence to show how the chocolates were shared.

Now write a fraction addition sentence to show how they were shared.

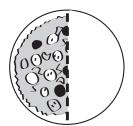
$$\frac{1}{72} + \frac{1}{72} + \frac{1}{72} + \frac{1}{72} = \frac{1}{72}$$

Types of fractions – equivalent fractions

Different fractions can have the same amount. They are equivalent.

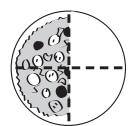
This pizza has been cut into 2 parts.

 $\frac{1}{2}$ has been eaten.



This pizza has been cut into 4 parts.

 $\frac{2}{4}$ has been eaten.

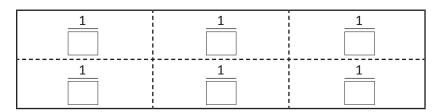


1 Do this folding paper activity to help you understand how equivalent fractions work:

a You'll need a separate rectangular piece of paper similar to the one below. Fold it into 3 equal parts and then unfold it. Label each section with its fraction here:

 $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

b Refold your paper into thirds and fold the thirds into halves. Unfold the paper. What fraction does each of the new sections represent? Label them here:

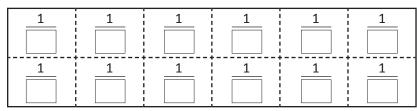


Remember the bottom number tells us how many parts there are in the whole.



REMEMBER

c Fold the paper back again and fold it in half once more. Unfold it and label the fractions here:



2 Use the diagrams in Question 1 to help you answer the following questions:

a What fractions can you find that are equivalent to $\frac{1}{3}$?



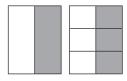
b What fractions can you find that are equivalent to $\frac{8}{12}$?



c What other fractions can you think of that might be equivalent to $\frac{6}{12}$?

Types of fractions – equivalent fractions

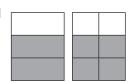
Write the equivalent fraction for each of these:







d



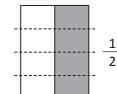


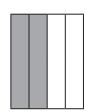
C



Find an equivalent fraction for each of these. Divide the diagrams to create a different number of equal parts. The first one has been done for you.

а



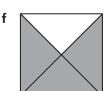




d







Is $\frac{2}{8}$ equivalent to $\frac{1}{4}$? Use diagrams to help explain your reasoning:

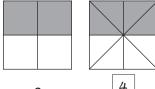
Is $\frac{2}{3}$ equivalent to $\frac{5}{6}$? Use diagrams to help explain your reasoning:

10

Types of fractions – equivalent fractions

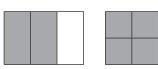
This section has been completed by our work experience boy. How did he go? Give him some feedback:

а



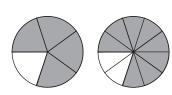


b

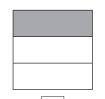


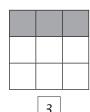




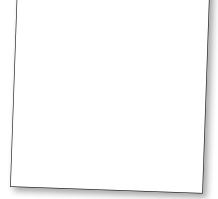


d



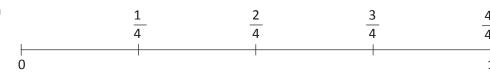


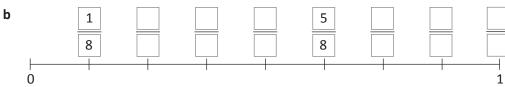
6

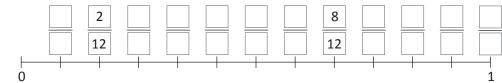


Complete the number lines. The first has been done for you:

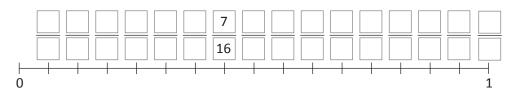
а







d



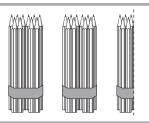
- Use the number lines to answer the following:
 - a How many equivalent fractions can you find for $\frac{1}{4}$?
 - **b** Did you find a pattern? Can you continue it?

Fractions, Decimals and Percentages

Types of fractions – mixed numerals and improper fractions

Mixed numerals consist of both a whole number and a fraction. Ky has 2 full packets of pencils and one half packet of pencils.

This is shown as $2\frac{1}{2}$



Write a mixed numeral for each of the shaded sets of shapes:

















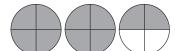




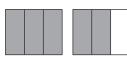




е







2 Draw some diagrams or pictures that would represent:

а

C

b

3 and $\frac{1}{2}$

C

D

1 and $\frac{3}{4}$

1 and $\frac{1}{4}$

d

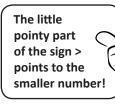
3 and $\frac{3}{4}$

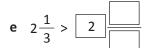
3 What might the missing numbers be?

a
$$1\frac{1}{2} > \boxed{1}$$

$$c \quad 1\frac{1}{5} < \boxed{1}$$

d
$$2\frac{3}{6} > 2$$







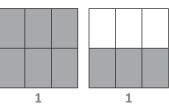
12

Types of fractions – mixed numerals and improper fractions

Mixed numerals can also be written as improper fractions. Look again at Ky's full packets and one half packet of pencils. This is five halves.

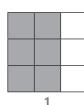
Written as an improper fraction, this is $\frac{5}{2}$.

Express these as fractions. Circle any improper fractions:





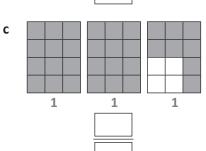




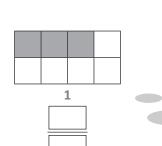
1



An improper fraction is any fraction where the parts add up to more than 1.

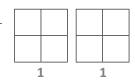


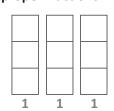
d

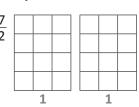


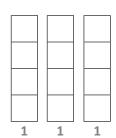


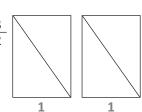
Colour the shapes to create the following improper fractions. Remember each shape is one whole.

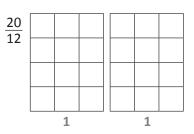












Which is bigger? Circle the larger fraction:

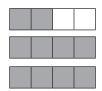
 $a \frac{5}{4}$ or



b $\frac{3}{2}$ or

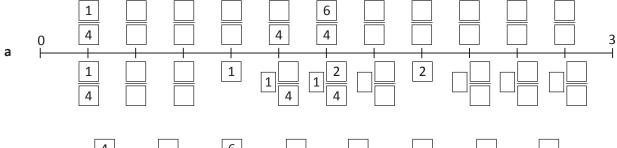


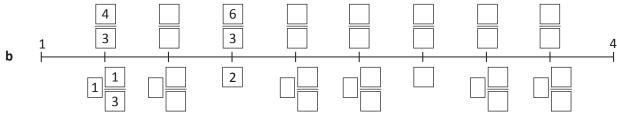
c $\frac{9}{4}$ or



Types of fractions – mixed numerals and improper fractions

Complete the number lines by filling in the boxes:





8 Use your completed number lines to help you answer these questions:

- a What is $2\frac{1}{4}$ expressed as an improper fraction?
- **b** Write $\frac{13}{11}$ as a mixed number.



c Find an improper fraction that is greater than $1\frac{1}{3}$ but less than $\frac{10}{3}$.

d Your teacher offers you the choice between $\frac{10}{4}$ or $2\frac{1}{4}$ hours of rubbish duty. Are they doing you any favours?

9 Show the improper fractions. The number line at the top of the page will help:

a
$$1\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{3}$$

b
$$2\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{3}$$

c
$$2\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$d \frac{ }{ 3} = 2 \frac{1}{3}$$

$$e^{\frac{7}{1}} = 1\frac{3}{4}$$

$$f = 1\frac{2}{3}$$

$$h \quad \frac{4}{3} = \boxed{\boxed{}}$$

$$i \quad \boxed{\boxed{}} = 2\frac{3}{4}$$

Equivalent fraction snap

apply



Play this game with a friend. You'll need two sets of these cards. Make 2 copies of this page, cut out the cards and combine the two sets into one pile.





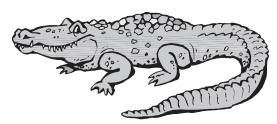
Player 1 deals the cards face down between the two players. Player 2 starts the game by placing a card in the centre. Players take turns in turning over the top card on their pile and placing it in the centre pile. Call, "Snap!" and take the centre pile if the card is identical to or an equivalent fraction to the card already face up.

The four wild cards can be used to make a Snap! When playing a wild card, you must name a correct equivalent fraction. The person with all the cards at the end is the winner.

;	·	·	- &.,
2 3	$\frac{1}{2}$	1/4	4 8
? ? Wild gard	4 6	2 4	3 12
4 16	9 12	? ? WILD CARD	3 4
2 8	8 12	10 20	50 100
12 16	25 100	11 44	75 100



Emma is confused. She understands mixed numerals but not improper fractions. Her dad has asked her to help out at their wildlife zoo but he has used improper fractions in his directions.





Shade the correct amounts on the containers, then convert the improper fractions to mixed numerals for Emma so the animals can be fed correctly.

Dear Em, Off to see a man about an iguana. Be a love and feed the animals for me, will you? Back for the afternoon feed. At 6 am, feed the lambs $\frac{6}{4}$ cups of pellets. At 9 am, give Cuddli the croc her $\frac{5}{2}$ buckets of steak. (Remember Cuddli considers your hand to be one of her favourite food groups). ____ buckets At 11 am, feed the snakes their $\frac{7}{4}$ boxes of rats. Stop grimacing. Snakes deserve to be fed too. boxes At midday, feed the wombats their $\frac{5}{3}$ buckets of mushrooms and grass. They won't be out for it till the evening but they want it now. Who would have thought wombats would be so precious? Go figure ...

____buckets

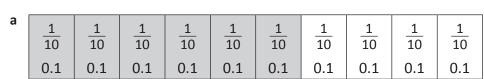
Fractions, decimals and percentages – tenths

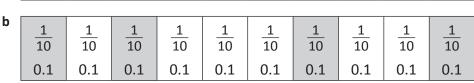
Decimal fractions also express parts of a whole. This strip has been divided into 10 equal parts. Three out of ten or $\frac{3}{10}$ is shaded.

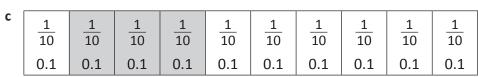
1 10	1/10	1/10	1/10	1 10	1 10	1/10	1/10	1 10	1 10
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

We can also express this as 0.3. There are no whole units and 3 tenths.

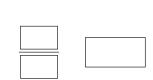
Write the shaded common fraction and its equivalent decimal fraction:











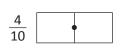
Shade the fraction strips to match the common fraction or decimal fraction:

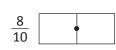


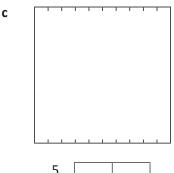
b
$$\frac{5}{10}$$

Use a ruler and a pencil to divide the wholes into tenths. Shade the given amounts and express as decimals:

а







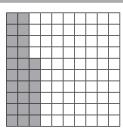
Fractions, decimals and percentages – tenths and hundredths

A hundredth is a tenth of a tenth.

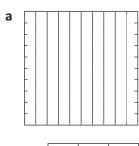
Here, 26 hundredths have been shaded.

We write this as 0.26

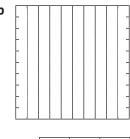
There are no units, 2 tenths and 6 hundredths.



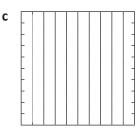
1 Use a ruler and a pencil to divide these into hundredths and then shade the specified amounts:



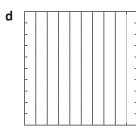
61 100 0 •



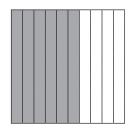
82 0



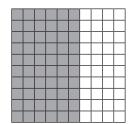
55 100 0



Six tenths are shaded here.



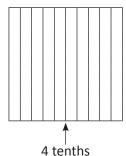
Sixty hundredths are shaded here.

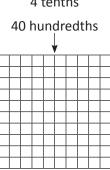


What do you notice? Sixty hundredths and six tenths have the same value 0.60 = 0.6

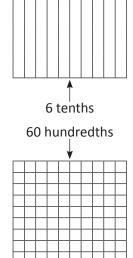
Check that the above statement is true by shading the amounts. Are they the same?

а

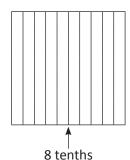




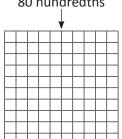
b



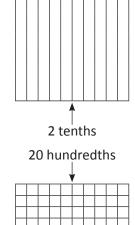
C



80 hundredths



d

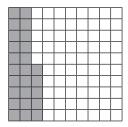




Fractions, decimals and percentages – tenths and hundredths

3 Complete these statements. The first one has been done for you.

а

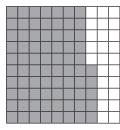


This is $\frac{25}{100}$

It can be renamed as:

$$\frac{2}{10}$$
 and $\frac{5}{100}$

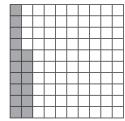
b



This is $\frac{75}{100}$

It can be renamed as:

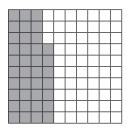
С



This is $\frac{16}{100}$

It can be renamed as:

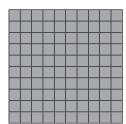
d



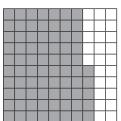
This is $\frac{37}{100}$

It can be renamed as:

6



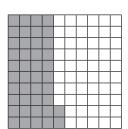




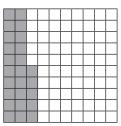
This represents 2 wholes and $\frac{75}{100}$ It can be renamed as:

4 Complete the missing information:

а

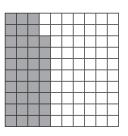


 $\frac{42}{100} = \frac{4}{10} + \frac{2}{100} = \frac{4}{100}$



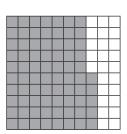
 $\frac{100}{100} = \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100}$

C



100 = 10 + 100 =

d



100 = 10 + 100 =

19

Fractions, decimals and percentages – place value to thousandths

A thousandth is a tenth of a hundredth.

Units		Tenths	Hundredths	Thousandths
2	•	2	5	6

This number has 2 units, 2 tenths, 5 hundredths and 6 thousandths.

Write these numbers in the place value chart:

		Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Units	Tenths	Hundredths	Thousandths
а	five tens, 3 units and eight tenths				•			
b	7 hundreds, 8 tens, four units, two tenths and 3 hundredths				•			
С	nine tens, 8 tenths and 4 thousandths						0	
d	6 hundreds, eight tenths, 4 hundredths and 3 thousandths			0	0 4			
е	four units, nine tenths and eight hundredths				•			
f	three units, four tenths and two hundredths				•			
g	2 tens, 3 units, four hundredths and six thousandths					0	·	
h	8 thousandths					0	0	

2 Answer true or false to the following questions. Score 0.5 points for each correct answer.

- **a** The value of 4 in 56.48 is 4 hundredths.
- **b** The value of 3 in 38.65 is 3 tens.
- **c** The value of 7 in 0.75 is 7 hundredths.
- **d** Thomas thought of a decimal number between 5.61 and 5.91. The number could have been 5.64.
- e The value of 8 in 9.998 is 8 thousandths.
- **f** 97.3 is nine tens, seven units and three hundredths.

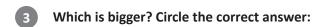
T or F	Score
Total	



Fractions, decimals and percentages – place value to thousandths

When comparing and ordering decimals, the place value of a digit is crucial. The further the digit is to the left, the greater its value.

Even though one thousandth sounds big, it is actually very small. Remember, one thousandth is just a single piece of a whole divided into a thousand parts. One tenth is actually one hundred times bigger than one thousandth.



a 0.7 or 0.07

- **b** 0.56 or 6 tenths **c** 7.5 or $\frac{7}{10}$

- **d** 15 or 0.15 **e** $\frac{1}{2}$ or 0.25

Use < or > or = to show the relationship between the two numbers:

- **a** 6.89 ____ 6.76 **b** 70.908 ____ 7.908 **c** 9.08 ____ 9.8

- **d** 5.098 ____ 5.98
- **e** 0.56 ____ 0.560 **f** 11.80 ___ 11.8



Name	Height	Weight
Lanky	2.06 m	79.054 kg
Crusher	1.96 m	110.652 kg
Crumber	1.73 m	79.934 kg
Cazaly	1.84 m	88.91 kg
Stomper	1.81 m	99.552 kg
Whale	2.01 m	118.236 kg
Twinkle Toes		65.789 kg



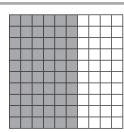
- a Who is tallest? Who is shortest?
- **b** Put these players in order of lightest to heaviest: Crumber, Stomper, Cazaly:
- **c** Which 2 players would you have playing in the ruck? (Rucks have to be tall.)
- **d** Who would you least like to have tackle you? Why?
- e Twinkle Toes twirled out of the club before his height was measured. We know he is taller than Crumber and shorter than Cazaly. What could his height be? Add it to the table.

Fractions, decimals and percentages – percentages

Percent means part per hundred and is expressed using the symbol %.

Here, 60% has been shaded grey.

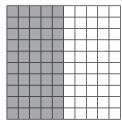
$$\frac{60}{100}$$
 = 0.60 = 60%



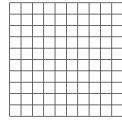
Think of at least five times you see the % sign or use percentages:

Fill in the missing values and shade the grids:

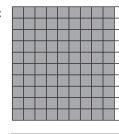
а



50 0. % 100

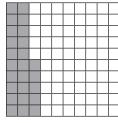


30 0.3 % 100

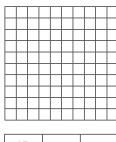


90% 0.

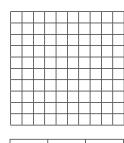
d



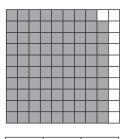
0.25 %



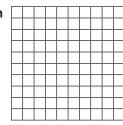
45 0. % 100



0.75 %



0. 89%



0.42 %

Are these statements correct?

a 75% is greater than 0.5



b One quarter is the same as 50%



45% is greater than 0.5



d 0.42 is equivalent to 425



e You score 100% on a test. Your friend scores 20/20. You both received the same score.



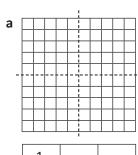


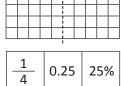


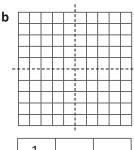
Fractions, decimals and percentages – percentages

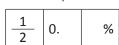
It is useful to know some common percentages such as 25%, 50% or 75%.

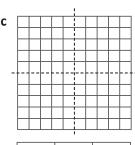
Shade the grids and show the following fractions by completing the missing information:

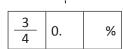


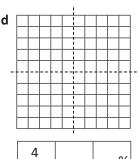












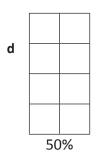
% 4

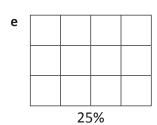
Shade these shapes to show the following percentages:

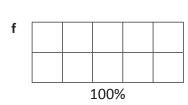








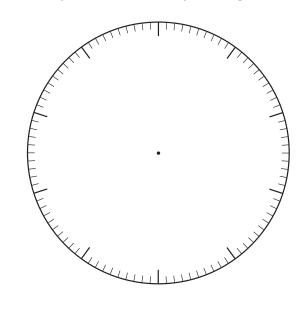




James goes on holiday. He has \$100 spending money and spends it as outlined below. Show this on the pie graph and label each section of the pie with the correct percentage:



- \$25 on rídes
- •\$35 on snacks
- \$15 on new thongs (his parents refused to pay for them as he had sworn black and blue he had packed everything. How rude...)
 - \$25 on souvenirs





This is a game for 2 or more players. You will race against each other to come up with equivalent fractions, decimals or percentages to match those on cards. You'll need one copy of this page and one copy of page 25 between you.





Cut out the playing cards, mix them up and put them face down in a pile.

Cut out the blank cards on page 25 and divide them between the two of you. Make sure you both have a pencil each.

Turn over the first playing card. Both players write an equivalent fraction, decimal or percentage to match it on one of the blank cards and cover the playing card as quickly as possible.

For example, the playing card may say 50% – you could write $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{5}{10}$ or $\frac{50}{100}$.

The first person to cover the card with a correct match wins and takes the pair. The player at the end of the game with the most cards is the winner.

Playing Cards

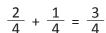
,	*	,	
75 100	25%	<u>3</u> 4	1/4
0.5	0.25	1/2	50%
0.1	1 10	10%	0.75

Blank Cards					
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		! ! !	1 1 1 1		
		 	1 		
			1 		
			1 1 1 1		
		<u> </u>	i 		
		! ! !	1 1 1 1 1		
		 	1 1 1 1		
	-	 	 		
			1 		
			1 1 1 1		
			i i i		
		 	†		
		! ! !	1 1 1 1		
		 	1 1 1 1		
			1 		
		<u> </u>	! ! !		
		: ! !			
		: !			
		! ! !	1 1 1 1		
		1 1 1	1 		
	1	1	1		



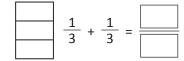
Calculating – adding and subtracting fractions with like denominators

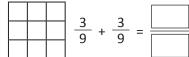
I ate $\frac{2}{4}$ of a cake for breakfast. Then I ate another $\frac{1}{4}$ for lunch. How many quarters did I eat altogether?

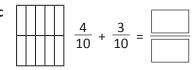




Shade the shapes to help you answer the problems:







$$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{2}{8} = \boxed{}$$

Try these. Draw some diagrams if that will help you.

$$a \frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{}{}$$

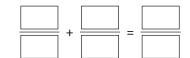
b
$$\frac{2}{7} + \frac{3}{7} = \frac{}{}$$

$$c \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \boxed{}$$

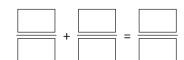
d
$$\frac{1}{10} + \frac{5}{10} + \frac{1}{10} = \boxed{}$$

Write addition fraction sentences for the following problems. Write your answers:

a $\frac{1}{3}$ of the kids in Bailey's class played basketball at recess. $\frac{1}{3}$ of the kids played football. $\frac{1}{3}$ of the kids sat round and chatted. What fraction of the class played sport?



b Josh spent $\frac{1}{5}$ of his pocket money at the milk bar and $\frac{2}{5}$ buying credits for his game. Write a fraction sentence to show the fraction he spent.



Look at the problem $\frac{2}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$. Why does the 4 stay as 4 – why isn't it $\frac{2}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{8}$?

Calculating – adding and subtracting fractions with like denominators

I had $\frac{3}{4}$ of a cake in the fridge. I ate $\frac{1}{4}$. I had $\frac{2}{4}$ left. $\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{4}$



Find answers to these subtraction problems. The first one has been done for you.





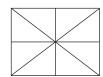
$$\frac{10}{10} - \frac{6}{10} = \boxed{\frac{4}{10}}$$

b



$$\frac{9}{9} - \frac{8}{9} = \frac{}{}$$

C



$$\frac{8}{8} - \frac{4}{8} = \frac{2}{8}$$

d

$$\frac{6}{6} - \frac{2}{6} = \frac{2}{6}$$

е



$$\frac{6}{6} - \frac{2}{6} = \frac{2}{6}$$

f



$$\frac{8}{8} - \frac{6}{8} = \frac{}{}$$

6

Use the diagrams to help you solve these problems:

a Marita cut her birthday cake into 8 equal slices and ate 2 of them straight away. What fraction was left?





b Sam played a soccer game. He played goalie for 1 quarter of the game and in attack for the rest. What fraction of the game did he spend in attack?





c Jacinta spent $\frac{1}{3}$ of her pocket money on chocolate and $\frac{1}{3}$ of it on a magazine. What fraction did she have left?





7

Use the number lines to help you work out the answers to these problems:

$$a \frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

b
$$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{}{}$$

$$0 \quad \frac{1}{8} \quad \frac{2}{8} \quad \frac{3}{8} \quad \frac{4}{8} \quad \frac{5}{8} \quad \frac{6}{8} \quad \frac{7}{8} \quad 1$$

$$c \frac{6}{4} - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{}{}$$

d
$$2\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$0 \quad \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{2}{3} \quad 1 \quad 1\frac{1}{3} \quad 1\frac{2}{3} \quad 2 \quad 2\frac{1}{3} \quad 2\frac{2}{3} \quad 3$$

27

Calculating – adding and subtracting fractions to and from a whole

Adding fractions to whole numbers is a simple process.



$$+ \frac{1}{2}$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

1 Add these fractions and whole numbers:

a
$$2 + \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{}$$

b 4 +
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 =

d
$$\frac{1}{2} + 5 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$g = \frac{1}{2} + \boxed{} = 6 \frac{1}{2}$$

h
$$+\frac{2}{3}=2\frac{2}{3}$$

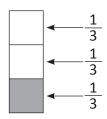
$$\mathbf{i} \quad \frac{1}{5} + \boxed{\boxed{\boxed{\boxed{}}} = 2\frac{3}{5}$$

How do we subtract fractions from a whole? We rename the wholes to make it simpler.

Look at the problem $1 - \frac{1}{3}$.

How many $\frac{1}{3}$ are in 1 whole? There are $\frac{3}{3}$ in a whole.

Now the problem is easier: $\frac{3}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$



Rename the wholes as fractions and use the diagrams to help you solve these problems:

a
$$1-\frac{2}{5} =$$

b $2-\frac{1}{3}=$



c
$$1 - \frac{1}{4} =$$

d $2 - \frac{3}{4} =$



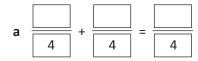
e
$$1 - \frac{3}{8} =$$

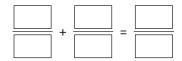
$$f = 2 - \frac{1}{4} =$$



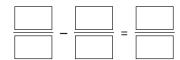
Calculating – adding and subtracting fractions

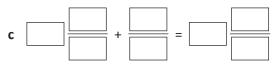
What could the missing numbers be? Create two different options for each:

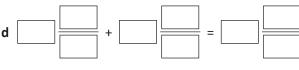




L			
D	8	8	8

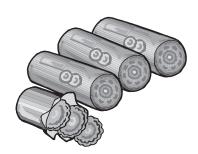






+	=	
---	---	--

- Solve these problems. Draw diagrams if they help:
 - a You have $3\frac{1}{4}$ packets of cookies. One friend eats $\frac{1}{4}$ packet, another eats $\frac{2}{4}$ and another eats $\frac{1}{4}$. What fraction do you have left?



b What fractions do you know that have a difference of $\frac{1}{4}$?

Now I could also use equivalent fractions or improper fractions here ...



THINK

29

Calculating – adding decimal fractions

How do we add decimal fractions using a written strategy?

We arrange the numbers so the place values line up and then we start with the smallest value.

We first add the tenths. 6 tenths and 7 tenths is 13 tenths.

¹1 . 6

We rename this as 1 unit and 3 tenths.

4 . 7

We write the 3 in the tenths column and move the unit to the units column.

6 . 3

Then we add the units. 1 + 1 + 4 = 6

Knowing how to rename is a useful skill when adding decimal fractions. Practise your renaming skills here by colour coding the matching boxes:

23 tenths 10 tenths 2 units and 3 tenths 414 hundredths 76 tenths 18 tenths 7 units and 6 tenths 14 hundredths 68 hundredths 1 unit and 8 tenths 1 tenth and 4 hundredths 1 unit 4 units, 1 tenth and 4 hundredths 6 tenths and 8 hundredths

Add these decimal fractions:

2 . 6 3 . 3

3 . 5

d 1 . 5 2 . 3

е 1 1 . 2

Now try these. Start with the hundredths and remember to rename if neccessary:

а 5 . 2 3

3 . 1

С 6

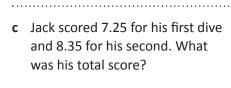


Calculating – adding decimal fractions

- 4 Use a mental or written strategy of your choice to solve these problems:
 - a Add 6.06 and 5.42

b Add 12.24 and 67.12

We can also use our mental addition strategies when adding decimal fractions.



d Kate bought a movie ticket costing \$9.50 and a drink/ popcorn combo costing \$4.95. How much did she spend in total?



This is a sample of the menu at Laura's Lunches.

a Brad orders a souvlaki, a bucket of hot chips and an orange juice. How much will this cost him?

b Angelina goes wild and orders a sushi roll, a bottle of water and a piece of fruit. What will this cost her?

c Choose your own lunch. Itemise your list and calculate the total value of your order.



Calculating – subtracting decimal fractions

How do we subtract decimal fractions using a written strategy?

We arrange the numbers so the place values line up and then we start with the smallest value.

We first subtract the tenths. We have 2 tenths, can we subtract 5 tenths from this?

³ø .¹2

1 . 7

No, so we rename a unit as 10 tenths. Now we have 12 tenths. 12 tenths subtract 5 tenths is 7 tenths.

- 4 . 5

We have 5 units, can we subtract 4 units? Yes, the answer is 1 unit.

1 Solve these subtraction problems:

a 8 . 3

b 4 . 7

c 5 . 4

- 3 . 4

- 3 . 5

- **d** 1 2 . 3 5 . 2
- e 1 8 . 6

f 9 . 4 - 3 . 7

Now try these. Start with the hundredths and remember to rename if neccessary:

- a 8 . 4 4
- 4 . 7 2
- c 8 . 4 6 - 1 . 6 3

Sometimes we have to work with numbers that have a different amount of digits such as 8.4 - 5.35 When this happens, we rename. 4 tenths becomes 40 hundredths: 8.40 - 5.35

3 Rename these problems and solve:

- **a** 9.5
- b
- 6 . 1 7
- 9 .

- 2 . 2 4
- 2 . 3
- 4 . 7 2



Calculating – subtracting decimal fractions

- 4 Use a mental or written strategy of your choice to solve these problems:
 - a 27.47 16.27

b 13.75 – 9.25

We can also use our mental strategies when subtracting decimal fractions.



- c In 1936 Jesse Owens broke the long jump record with a leap of 2.06 m. His record stood for 25 years until fellow American, Ralph Boston leapt 2.21 m. What did he beat Jesse's record by?
- **d** The 100 m sprint record is held by Jamaican Usain Bolt, with a time of 9.69 sec. Asafa Powell neared that record a month later, with a time of 9.7 sec. What is the difference between their times? How much do you think Powell wishes he had managed to go just a tad faster?

- Belle's netball team measured their heights and entered them on the chart. What is the difference in heights between:
 - a Suzy and Lucy?
 - **b** Ti and Natasha?
 - c Nina and Belle?
 - **d** The tallest and shortest girl?

	Belle's Beauties			
	Suzy	1.43 m		
	Ti	1.37 m		
	Grace	1.47 m		
	Marietta	1.42 m		
	Madison	1.54 m		
	Lucy	1.58 m		
	Belle	1.61 m		
	Natasha	1.53 m		
	Donna	1.34 m		
	Nina	1.53 m		



You and your friend have been asked to attend a tea party. Your host, Mr Hatter, has made a chocolate clock cake for the festivities, but clearly he got a little mixed up with his numbers. It must have been all those pre-party nerves, or quite possibly the punch.





Anyway, he has asked you to cut the cake into 3 pieces so that each of you gets a piece with the numbers adding to the same total. How do you do it? Show your cuts on the clock cake below.

Each piece totals _____

Work out what fraction of the cake each of you receive. I should warn you, Mr Hatter wants the biggest piece.

	6.		
I receive	my friend receives	and Mr Hatter receives	

